

# **Endangered Riparian Birds**



Least Bell's Vireo

#### Southwestern Willow Flycatcher





#### Overview

- Habitat "creation"
  - > example targeting Least Bell's Vireo

- Habitat restoration
  - > removal of exotic vegetation
  - > use of exotics by Southwestern Willow Flycatcher



Least Bell's Vireo Habitat, San Diego River, CA





#### **Habitat Restoration**



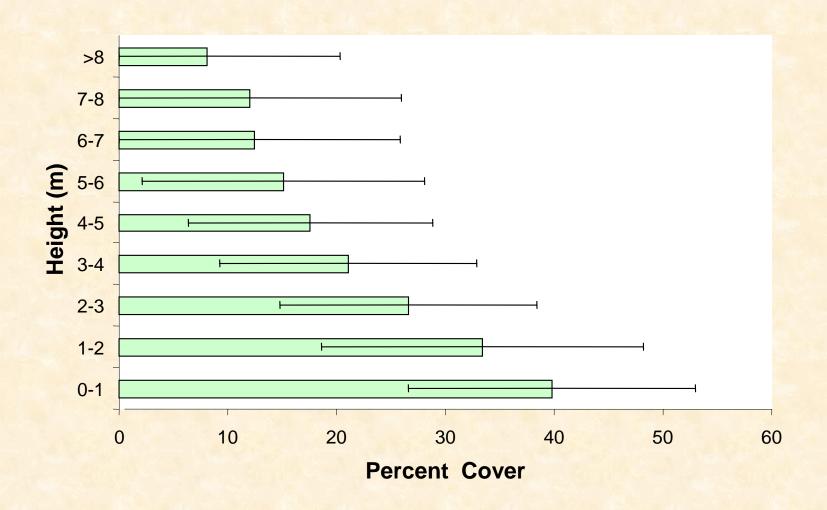
#### **Habitat Restoration**





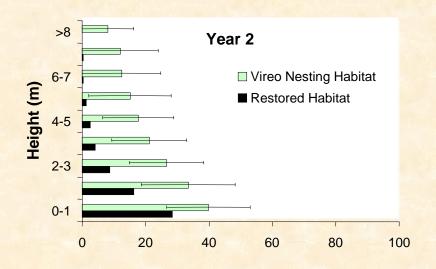


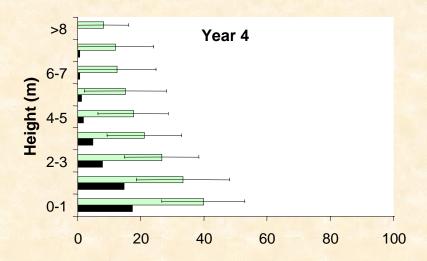
# Habitat Suitability Model

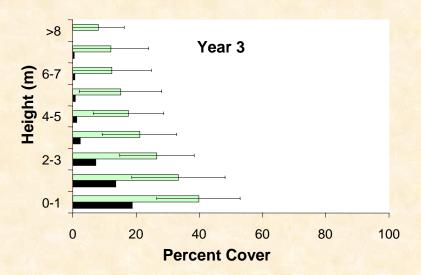


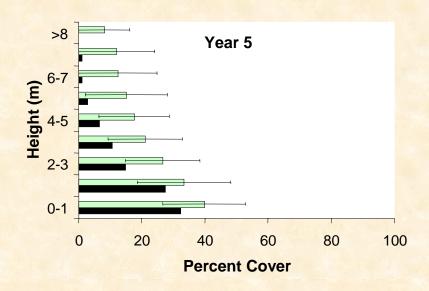


#### Oceanside Restoration Site



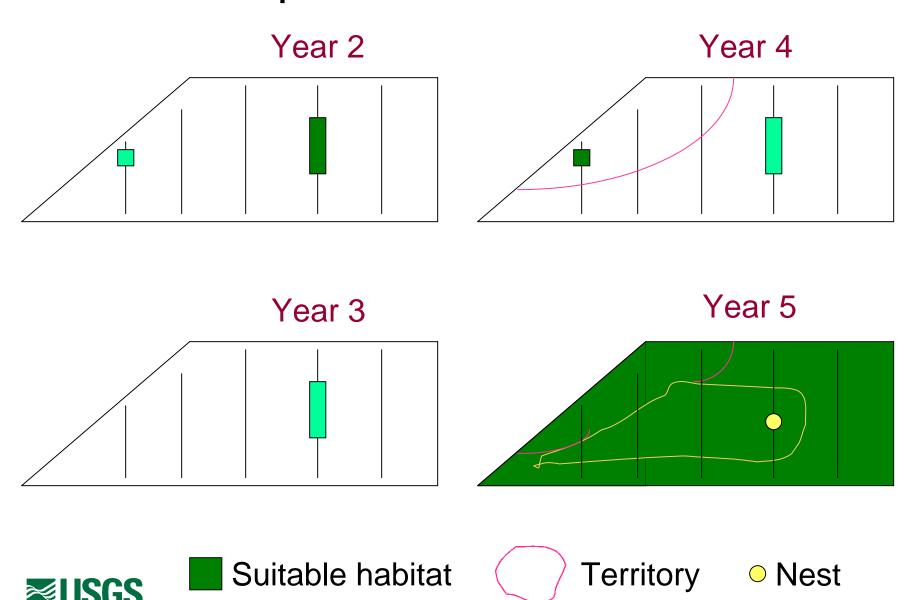








# Development of Restoration Site



#### Conclusions

- 1. Restoration can produce sites with habitat features required by least Bell's vireos.
- Least Bell's vireos use restored habitat for foraging and nesting.
- Reproductive success in restored and reference habitats is comparable.



# Restoring Habitat for SWFL

- No habitat suitability model
- Habitat requirements less well understood
   proximity to water
- Use of exotics for nest placement



#### SWFL Habitat: Kern River Preserve, CA





#### SWFL Habitat: Santa Ynez River, CA



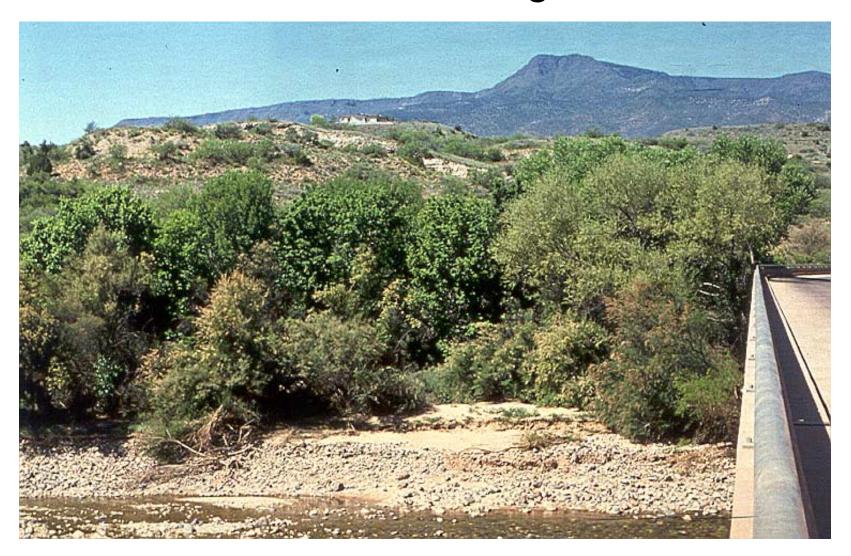


#### SWFL Habitat: Gila River, Pima AZ



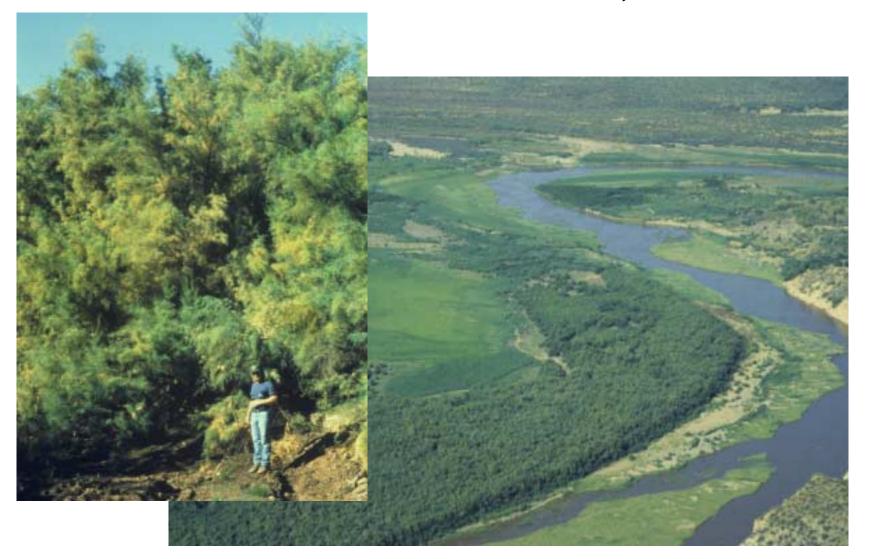


# SWFL Habitat: Tuzigoot, AZ





# SWFL Habitat: Salt River, AZ





#### Unsuitable habitat, Gila River, AZ

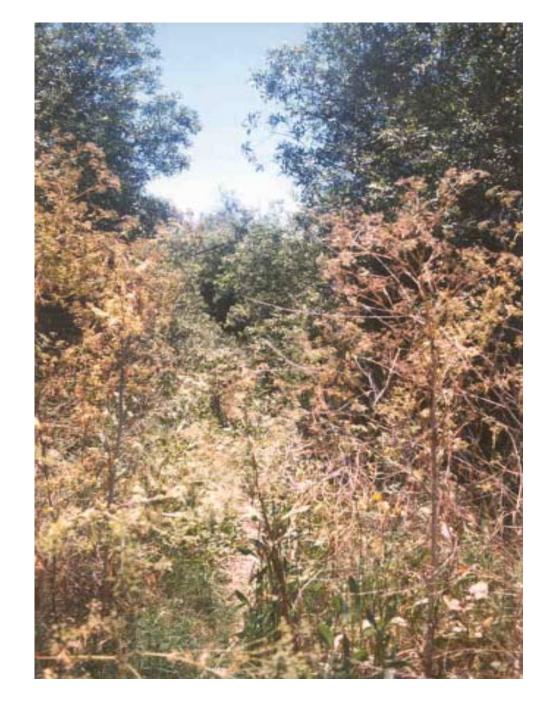




SWFL Habitat, Santa Margarita River, CA







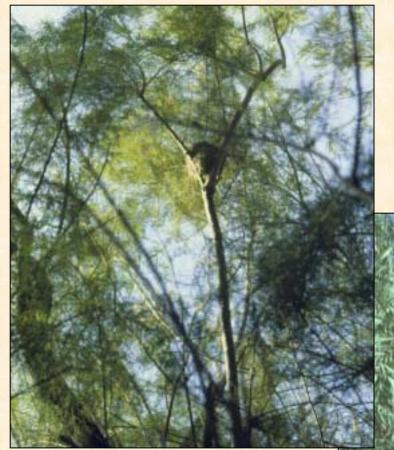




# Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Nests





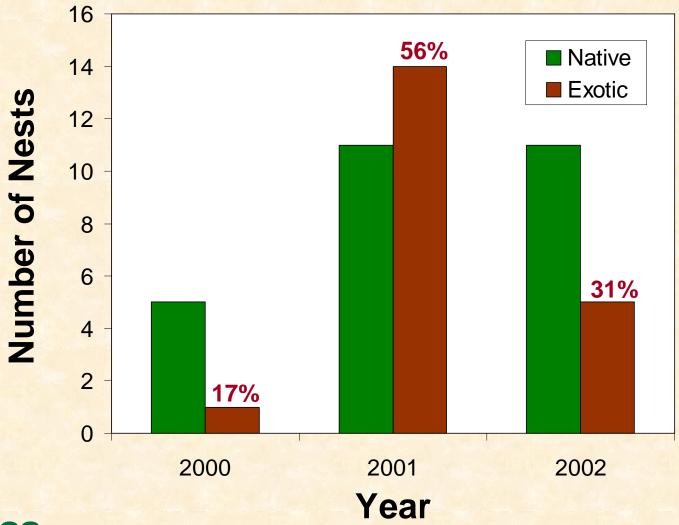


# Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Nests



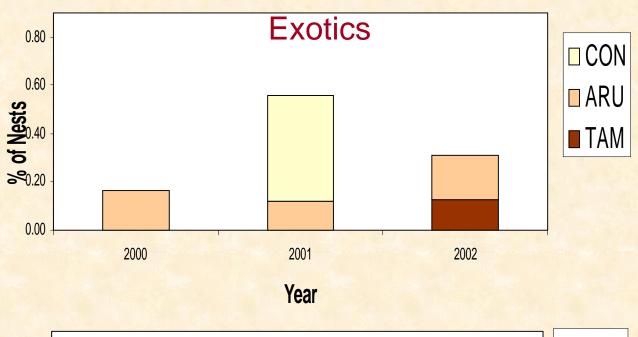


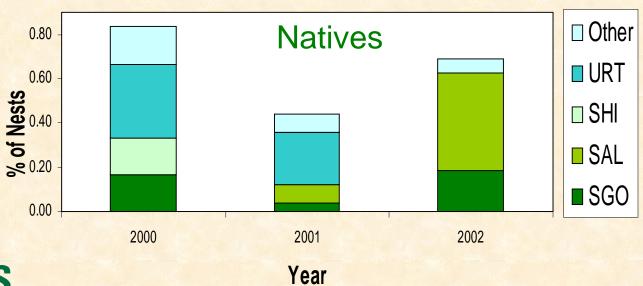
# Use of Natives and Exotics Camp Pendleton (N=47)





# **Nest Host Species**







# Nest Success by Host

	Year					
	2000		2001		2002	
Host Species	# Nests	% Successful	# Nests	% Successful	# Nests	% Successful
ARU	1	100	3	33	3	100
TAM					4	25
CON			11	27		
URT	2	100	6	50		
SGO	1	100	1	100	3	33
SAL			3	67	7	57
SHI	1	100				
BGT			1			
OTH	1	100	1	100	1	0



#### Conclusions

- 1. On average, 35% of SWFL nests placed in exotics
- 2. Site-specific use of exotics by SWFL should be evaluated and incorporated into restoration plans
- 3. Plans should provide alternative habitat:
  - > short-term (during exotics removal)
  - > long-term (re-establishment of native vegetation)



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